

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Pat nt and Trademark Office

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		
08/994,363	12//19/97	GARRISON		D	33500-	00003	
			乛		EXAMINER		
ALFRED A. STADNICKI				JORDAN.W			
JENKINS & GILCHRIST				ART UNIT		R NUMBER	
1919 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N. W. SUITE 600 WASHINGTON, DC 20006-3404				2764	):	8	
					08/31	/99	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

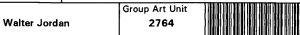
## Application No. 08/994,363

Applicant(s)

Garrison

Examiner

Office Action Summary



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Mar 31, 1998					
☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .					
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 193	•				
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extens 37 CFR 1.136(a).	e to respond within the period for response will cause the				
Disposition of Claims					
	is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
	is/are rejected.				
☐ Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				
☐ Claims are subject to restriction or election requireme					
Application Papers					
🛮 See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin	ng Review, PTO-948.				
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are object	cted to by the Examiner.				
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is Dapproved Disapproved.				
$\hfill\Box$ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
$\hfill\Box$ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority	/ under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).				
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies	of the priority documents have been				
received.					
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Nu	<del></del>				
☐ received in this national stage application from the	e International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
*Certified copies not received:	ity under 25 H.S.C. & 110/o)				
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic prior	TLY UNION 35 0.3.C. 3 115(e).				
Attachment(s)					
<ul><li>☒ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892</li><li>☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper Notice</li></ul>	No(e)				
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	10(5).				
☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-9	148				
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152					
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON	THE FOLLOWING PAGES				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1, 6, 11, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tillery et al. (5,197,094)

As per claim 1:

{Tillery et al. does not reference either a payee or payor. This is because the payor and payee switch depending upon whether a machine is credited or debited. In this interpretation of Tillery et al., it is assumed that the game user is the payee. }

Tillery et al. shows:

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- A process of receiving a payment request from a payor to payee with many remittance centers.

(See abstract)

- A process for identifying a single remittance center. (Col. 3 Line 2)

- A process for directing payment to the remittance center. (Col. 3 Line 15)

Tillery et al. does not expressly show a payment request including information identifying a

payor's account number with a given payee.

Official notice is taken that key fields such as the account number is an old and well known type

of tracking mechanism used in the billing art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary

skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to implement this feature because the key

fields can be used to track past records as well as associated fields.

As per claim 6, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a system for the implementation of

the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 1.

As per claim 11, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, an article of manufacture for the

implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 1.

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As per claim 16, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a networked system for the

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implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 1.

3. Claims 2-3, 7-8, 12-13, 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Tillery et al. as applied to claims 1, 6, 11 and 16 above, and further in view of Ett.

As per claims 2-3:

Tillery et al. fail to teach a process for extracting the remittance center information from

the account number by alphanumeric encoding. However, Ett displays a process for

encoding/combining two alphanumeric data streams to form one, such as a payment account

number. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to use Ett's model as it applies to account numbers and remittance centers because the

principles remain unchanged although the names of the data streams change.

As per claims 7-8, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a system for the implementation

of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claims 2-3.

As per claims 12-13, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, an article of manufacture for

the implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claims 2-3.

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As per claims 17-18, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a networked system for the

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implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claims 2-3.

4. Claims 4, 9, 14 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Tillery et al. as applied to claims 1, 6, 11 and 16 above in view of Ett, and further in view of an

official notice.

As per claim 4:

Tillery et al. fail to teach a process for extracting the remittance center information from the

account number by alphanumeric encoding as well as a process for producing an 11 digit zip

code. However, Ett displays a process for encoding/combining two alphanumeric data streams to

form one, such as a payment account number or 11 digit zip code. It would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use Ett's model as it applies to

account numbers, remittance centers and 11 digit zip codes because the principles remain

unchanged although the names and formats of the data streams change.

Official notice is taken that the maintenance and use of payee database records is an old and well

known type of tracking mechanism used in the billing art. It would have been obvious to one of

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ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to implement this feature because

this is a primary motivation in the design of a bill payment system.

As per claim 9, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a system for the implementation of

the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 4.

As per claims 14, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, an article of manufacture for the

implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 4.

As per claim 19, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a networked system for the

implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 4.

5. Claim 5, 10, 15 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Tillery et al. as applied to claim 1, 6, 11 and 16 above in view of Ett, and further in view of G.

Tracey.

As per claim 5:

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Tillery et al. fail to teach a process for extracting the remittance center information from the account number by alphanumeric encoding. However, Ett displays a process for encoding/combining two alphanumeric data streams to form one, such as a payment account number. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use Ett's model as it applies to account numbers and remittance centers because the principles remain unchanged although the names of the data streams change.

Tillery et al. fail to teach the storage of database alteration rules for each payee and the transformation of those accounts by those same rules. However, Tracey displays a format converter which automatically converts recorded data into a predefined stored data format. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use Tracey's pharmaceutical approach as it applies to accounts because the principles remain unchanged although the names of the data change.

As per claim 10, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a system for the implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 5.

As per claims 15, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, an article of manufacture for the implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 5.

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As per claim 20, Tillery et al. shows in addition to a process, a networked system for the implementation of the aforementioned processes corresponding to claim 5.

#### Conclusion

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Pugh et al. U.S. #5,153,907 Date: 10/6/92; Masson et al. U.S. #4,908,850 Date: 3/13/90; Sandberg-Diment. U.S. #5,826,245 Date: 10/20/98; Gorog U.S. #4,947,028 Date: 8/7/90; Tong et al. U.S. #5,208,593 Date: 5/4/93; Kight et al. U. S. # 5,383,113 Date: 1/17/95; Lawlor et al. U.S. # 5,220,501 Date: 6/15/93; Anderson U.S. # 5,283,829 Date: 2/1/94; Cauffman et al. U. S. # 5,325,290 Date: 6/28/94; Perazza U.S. #5,326,959 Date: 7/5/94; Hughes et al. U.S.# 5,336,870 Date: 8/9/94; Chasek U.S.# 5,420,405 Date: 5/30/95; Hilt et al. U.S.# 5,465,206 Date: 10/7/95; Hogan U.S.# 5,699,528 Date: 12/16/97; Pollin U.S.# 5,727,249 Date: 3/10/98.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Walter I. Jordan, III whose phone number is (703)306-5933.

  The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 7:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

  If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell, can be reached on (703) 305-9768.

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Any inquiry of general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3800.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 308-9051 (for formal communications intended for entry)

OR:

(703)308-5357 (informal/draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" OR

"DRAFT")

Walter I. Jordan, III

August 26, 1999

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James P. Transmell

Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2700